

LLOYD ENTRANCE TEST

FOR LAW

“LET - 2011”

LLOYD LAW COLLEGE

‘LET’
LLOYD LAW COLLEGE ENTRANCE TEST
2011

ROLL NO.

TIME: 2 HOURS

TOTAL MARKS: 120

Candidates must read the following instructions before attempting the paper.

1. There are 120 multiple choice objective questions.
2. There are **five sections** (Section I – V) comprising of 120 questions in the booklet. Each question carries **ONE** mark.
3. The candidates have to indicate the correct answer by fully shading the circle with **Ball Point Pen** only in the answer sheet.
4. More than one response to a multiple choice question shall be counted as zero.
5. Attempting the multiple-choice question by any other method will be considered incorrect. Rough work can be done on the extra sheet attached with the question paper.
6. **There is no negative marking.**
7. The Candidate shall not write anything on the answer sheets other than the Roll No.
8. The candidate should return test booklet along with the answer sheets after the examination is over, to the invigilator.
9. The use of Unfair Means by any candidate will result in cancellation of his/her examination.
10. Mobile Phone is not allowed in the examination hall.

Signature / Seal of Examination Controller

SECTION: I

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & CURRENT AFFAIRS

Instructions: Read questions (1-25) Out of four options, shade the correct answer.

- Q.1 India's first national cricket academy has been established in:
(a) Hyderabad (b) Pune
(c) Bangalore (d) None of these
- Q.2 The Manas Wild Life sanctuary is located in the state of:
(a) Gujarat (b) Madhya Pradesh
(c) Uttar Pradesh (d) Assam
- Q.3 Which is the largest continent of the World?
(a) North America (b) Africa
(c) Asia (d) Australia
- Q.4 The Indian Institute of Advanced Studies is located in:
(a) Bhopal (b) Chandigarh
(c) Bangalore (d) Shimla
- Q.5 Who is the present vice-president of India?
(a) K. C. Pant (b) Hamid Ansari
(c) Amir Khusro (d) P. Chidambaram
- Q.6 Who among the following is the Chairman of the Rajya Sabha?
(a) President (b) Vice-President
(c) Prime Minister (d) President of the ruling party
- Q.7 M.F. Hussain was a well known
(a) Musician (b) Painter
(c) Architect (d) Urdu Writer
- Q.8 What is the name of the Nehru family home at Allahabad?
(a) Anand Bhavan (b) Anand Ashram
(c) Moti Sadan (d) Azad Park
- Q.9 The World Environment Day is celebrated on
(a) March 5 (b) September 5
(c) June 5 (d) November 5
- Q.10 Who was the Chairman of Drafting committee of Constituent Assembly?
(a) B.R. Ambedkar (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
(c) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (d) None of these

- Q.11 Supreme Court of India is a court of record, because
- (a) all its judgments are recorded.
 - (b) all its judgments are reported in law reports.
 - (c) all its orders are self-executing of court.
 - (d) It has power to punish for contempt.
- Q.12 The famous Commission which went into Centre-state relations in India is:
- (a) Sarkaria Commission
 - (b) Sri Krishna Commission
 - (c) Jain Commission
 - (d) Thakkar-Natarajan Commission
- Q.13 Who is the first Indian World Professional Billiards Champion?
- (a) Wilson Jones
 - (b) Geet Sethi
 - (c) Michael Ferrira
 - (d) Manoj Kothari
- Q.14 Blood cancer is otherwise called:
- (a) Leucoderma
 - (b) Leukaemia
 - (c) Erythropenia
 - (d) Leucorrhoea
- Q.15 A person appointed by two parties to settle a dispute is known as :
- (a) Solicitor
 - (b) Arbitrator
 - (c) Adjudicator
 - (d) Concilliator
- Q.16 An act in excess of authority conferred by law :
- (a) intravires
 - (b) ultravires
 - (c) illegal
 - (d) extra legal
- Q.17 In which field is the term 'Bulls and Bears' used ?
- (a) Stock market
 - (b) Bull fighting
 - (c) Hunting
 - (d) Foreign trade
- Q.18 Writer of "MY Experiments with Truth" is :
- (a) J.L Nehru
 - (b) Mohandas Karam Chand Gandhi
 - (c) Tagore
 - (d) Einstein
- Q.19 "Saras" is the name of
- (a) An Aircraft
 - (b) A Tank
 - (c) A Missile
 - (d) A Submarine
- Q.20 The number of states who are members of the U.N.O.
- (a) 180
 - (b) 182
 - (c) 185
 - (d) 192
- Q.21 Right to education has been included in the constitution by
- (a) 85th Amendment
 - (b) 100th Amendment
 - (c) 87th Amendment
 - (d) 94th Amendment
- Q.22 The President of USA Barack Obama belongs to which political party.
- (a) Republican
 - (b) Democratic
 - (c) Communist
 - (d) None of the above

- Q.23 The International Court of Justice is located at
- (a) New York (b) Washington, D.C.
(c) The Hague (d) Geneva
- Q.24 Who is the author of 'Old Man and the Sea'?
- (a) John Ruskin (b) Raja Rao
(c) Gunter Grass (d) Ernest Hemingway
- Q.25 The Cricketer who is recently appointed as the Honourary Lt. Cl. Of Indian Territorial Army.
- (a) Sunil Gavasker (b) Kapil Dev
(c) Ravi Shastri (d) Vengsarker

SECTION: II

ENGLISH INCLUDING COMPREHENSION

Direction: Questions (26 – 30), Read the passage carefully and answer the questions based on its contents and darken the circle.

In May 1966, the World Health Organization was authorized to initiate a global campaign to eradicate smallpox. The goal was to eradicate the disease in one decade. Because similar projects for malaria and yellow fever had failed, few believed that small-pox could actually be eradicated but eleven years after the initial organization of the campaign, no cases were reported in the field.

The strategy was not only to provide mass vaccinations, but also to isolate patients with active small-pox in order to contain the spread of the disease and to break the chain of human transmission. Rewards for reporting small-pox assisted in motivating the public to aid health workers. One by one, each small-pox victim was sought out, removed from contact with others and treated. At the same time, the entire village where the victim had lived was vaccinated.

Today small-pox is no longer a threat to humanity. Routine vaccinations have been stopped worldwide.

- Q.26 Which of the following is the title for the passage?
- (a) The World Health Organization
 - (b) The Eradication of Small-Pox
 - (c) Small-Pox Vaccinations
 - (d) Infectious Diseases
- Q.27 What was goal of the campaign against small-pox?
- (a) to decrease the spread of small-pox worldwide
 - (b) to eliminate small-pox worldwide in ten years
 - (c) to provide mass vaccinations against small-pox worldwide
 - (d) To initiate worldwide projects for small-pox, malaria and yellow fever at the same time
- Q.28 According to the paragraph what was the strategy used to eliminate the spread of small-pox?
- (a) Vaccination of the entire village
 - (b) Treatment of individual victims
 - (c) Isolation of victims and mass vaccinations
 - (d) Extensive reporting of outbreaks
- Q.29 Which Statement doesn't refer to small-pox?
- (a) Previous projects had failed
 - (b) People are no longer vaccinated for it
 - (c) The World Health Organization mounted a worldwide campaign to eradicate the disease
 - (d) It was a serious threat

- Q.30 It can be inferred that-
- (a) No new cases of small-pox have been reported this year
 - (b) malaria and yellow fever have been eliminated
 - (c) small-pox victims no longer die when they contract the disease
 - (d) small-pox is not transmitted from one person to another

Directions: (Q.31-35) In the following questions, some of the sentences have errors and some have none. Find out which part of a sentence has an error and indicate corresponding to the appropriate letter (A, B C). if there is no error, indicate corresponding to letter D).

- Q.31 Judge in him / prevailed upon the father / and he sentenced his son to death. No error
 (a) (b) (c) (d)
- Q.32 Nine tenths / of the pillar / have rotted away. No Error
 (a) (b) (c) (d)
- Q.33 One major reason / for the popularity of television is /
 (a) (b)
 that most people like to stay at home. No Error
 (c) (d)
- Q.34 Our efforts are aimed / to bring about / a reconciliation. No error
 (a) (b) (c) (d)
- Q.35 Three conditions critical / for growing plants are soil, temperature, chemical balance
 (a) (b)
 or / amount of moisture. No Error
 (c) (d)

Direction: Question (36 – 40), in the following passage there are blanks each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five word/ group of words are suggested, one of which fits in the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word/ group of words.

The commonest form of forgetfulness, I suppose (36) ... in the matter of posting letters. So common is it that I am always (37) to trust a departing visitor to post an important letter. So little do I (38) On his memory that I put him on his oath before (39) The letter to him. As for myself, anyone who asks me to post a letter is a poor judge of character. (40) ... I carry the letter in my hand I am always past the first pillar-box before I remember that I ought to have posted it.

- Q. 36
- (a) happens (b) is brought about
 - (c) takes place (d) occurs
- Q.37
- (a) disciplined (b) undesirous
 - (c) reluctant (d) indifferent

Q38

- (a) depend (b) trust
(c) believe (d) rely

Q.39

- (a) handing (b) handing over
(c) making over (d) entrusting

Q.40

- (a) Although (b) Notwithstanding
(c) Nevertheless (d) Even if

Directions: Question (41-44), group of four words are given. In each group one word is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word and indicate your correct choice.

Q.41

- (a) Affedevit (b) Afidevit
(c) Affidevit (d) Affidavit

Q.42

- (a) Connosieur (b) Connosseur
(c) Connoisseur (d) Conoisieur

Q.43

- (a) Hypothetical (b) Hipothetical
(c) Hyphothatical (d) Hypothatical

Q.44

- (a) Rancur (b) Rancor
(c) Rancour (d) Rancor

Direction: Fill in the blanks by picking out the preposition from the choices given below.

Q.45 He crowed his neighbour because he had a car while the latter had none.

- (a) Up (b) On
(c) Down (d) Over

Q.46 If you apologize Him, you will be pardoned.

- (a) With (b) Of
(c) To (d) From

Q.47 The trouble originated a petty quarrel.

- (a) In (b) With
(c) From (d) Through

Q.48 She should work very hard, she should fail

- (a) So that (b) Otherwise
(c) Lest (d) Or

Direction: Question (49-50), you are given four alternatives to each idiom. Choose the appropriate one and darken the circle.

Q.49 To give the devil his due

- (a) to follow the devil
- (b) to keep a bad company
- (c) to acknowledge the merit of even a notorious person
- (d) to condemn even a good person for his defects

Q.50 To bury the hatchet

- (a) to stop fighting
- (b) to keep the treasure underground
- (c) to fight over the patrimony
- (d) to sow enmity

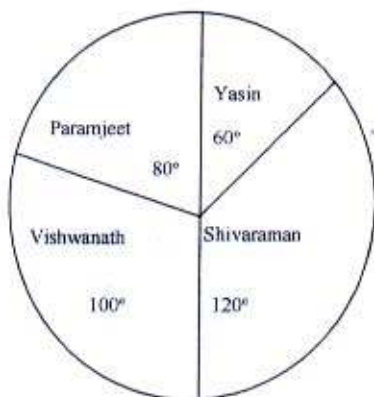
SECTION: III

ELEMENTARY MATHS & NUMERICAL ABILITY

- Q.51 Ratio of A's age to B's is equal to 4:3. A will be 26 years old after 6 years. How old is B now?
- (a) $19\frac{1}{2}$ Years (b) 12 Years
(c) 21 Years (d) 15 Years
- Q.52 If the radii of two spheres are in the ratio of 1:2, then the ratio of their surface is
- (a) 1:2 (b) 1:4
(c) 1:8 (d) 1:16
- Q.53 In a right angled triangle, if the square of the hypotenuse is twice the product of the other two sides, then one of the angle of the triangle is
- (a) 30° (b) 15°
(c) 45° (d) 60°
- Q.54 The number of lines of symmetry in a parallelogram is
- (a) One (b) two
(c) none (d) four
- Q.55 If a and b be positive integers such that $a^2 - b^2 = 19$, then the value of a is
- (a) 19 (b) 20
(c) 9 (d) 10

Directions: Q. (56 – 58), the pie chart, given here, represents the number of valid votes obtained by four students who contested election for school leadership. The total number of valid votes polled was 720.

Observe the chart and answer questions number 56 – 58 based on it.



Q.56 What was the minimum number of votes obtained by any candidate?

- (a) 100 (b) 110
(c) 120 (d) 130

Q.57 Who was the winner?

- (a) Sivaraman (b) Paramjeet
(c) Yasin (d) Vishwanath

Q.58 By how many votes did the winner defeat his nearest rival?

- (a) 40 (b) 45
(c) 48 (d) 50

Direction: Choose the correct answer.

Q.59 If x is 80% of y , then what percent of $2x$ is y ?

- (a) 40% (b) $62\frac{1}{2}\%$
(c) 80% (d) 160%

Q.60 A thief running at 8 km/hour is chased by a policeman whose speed is 10kms/hour. If the thief is 100 meters ahead of the police man at the commencement of the chase, then the time required for the policemen to catch the thief will be

- (a) 2 minutes (b) 6 minutes
(c) 3 minutes (d) 10 minute

Q.61 A profit of 20% is made when an article is sold for Rs. 480. If the article is sold for Rs. 580, then the profit per cent is-

- (a) 45 (b) 40
(c) 50 (d) 46

Q.62 The smallest of the fractions given below

- (a) $\frac{9}{10}$ (b) $\frac{11}{12}$
(c) $\frac{23}{28}$ (d) $\frac{32}{33}$

Q.63 A mother is three times the age of her daughter. Four years back, the daughter was one fourth the age of her father. If the father is four years older than the mother, what is the age of the daughter?

- (a) 16 years (b) 14 years
(c) 15 years (d) 12 years

Q.64 A sugar merchant announces that he will sell sugar at the cost price but uses a weight of 450 gms instead of 500 gms. His percentage profit is

- (a) 12% (b) 10%
(c) $11\frac{1}{9}\%$ (d) $10\frac{1}{9}\%$

Q.65 I remember that my brother's interview is some day between 2nd August and 28th August. My mother remembers that his interview is some day between 26th August and 3rd September. If 2nd August falls on Thursday on which day and date will my brother's interview be held?

- (a) Tuesday (b) Friday
(c) Monday (d) Wednesday

Q.66 Find out wrong number in the series: 3,8,14,24,34,48,63

- (a) 24 (b) 34
(c) 15 (d) 63

Q.67 The ratio of first and second class fares between two stations is 4: 1 and that of number of passengers traveling by first and second class is 1: 40. If Rs. 11000 is collected at total fare, the amount collected from first class passengers is—

- (a) Rs: 275 (b) Rs.315
(c) Rs.137.50 (d) Rs.1000

Q.68 The average earning of a mechanic for the first four days of a week is- Rs. 18 and for the last four days is Rs. 22. If he earns Rs.20 on the fourth day, his average for the whole week is—

- (a) Rs.18.95 (c) Rs.20
(b) Rs.16 (d) Rs.25.71

Q.69 Two trains travel in the same direction at 56 km and 29 km per hour and the faster train passes a man sitting in the slower train in 16 seconds. What will be the length of the faster train?

- (a) 100 m (b) 102 m
(c) 120 m (d) 125 m

Q.70 Find the value of $[(4)^3 + (4)^2 + 4] - [(4)^2 + (4)]$

- (a) 40 (b) 48
(c) 64 (d) 80

SECTION: IV

LOGICAL REASONING

Direction: Question (71-80), first discover the relationship between the first two words and then try to find the same relationship amongst the choices, which follow the pattern of first two words. Choose the right answer.

- Q.71 Horn : Blow : : ?
(a) Politician : Corruption (b) Bird : Fly
(c) Government : Govern (d) Pen : Write
- Q.72 Loss: Regain : : Mistake : ?
(a) Find (b) Rectify
(c) Know (d) Realize
- Q.73 Whisper : Shout : : ?
(a) Stay : Move (b) Go : Come
(c) Walk : Run (d) Sleep : Snore
- Q.74 Love : Friendship : : ? Hospitality
(a) Sympathy (b) Mercy
(c) Warmth (d) Care
- Q.75 Water : River : : ?
(a) Buses : Terminus (b) Air : Sky
(c) People : Caravan (d) Birds: Sky
- Q.76 Rung : Ladder : : ?
(a) Bus : Journey (b) Floor : Carpet
(c) Step : Staircase (d) House: Portico
- Q.77 Bombay : India Gate : ?
(a) Eiffel Tower : Paris (b) New York : Statute of Liberty
(c) Denmark : Copenhagen (d) India : Delhi
- Q.78 Melancholic : Choleric : ? : Sanguine
(a) Economic (b) Political
(c) Phelgmetic (d) Rash
- Q.79 25 : 30
(a) S : T (b) O : T
(c) M : P (d) Z : B
- Q.80 Aeroplane : Sky : : ?
(a) Rails : Train (b) Car : land
(c) Camel : Desert (d) Fish : Water

- (c) to offer a logical alibi (d) to stand rooted to the ground

Q.88 Literature is the mirror in which the society can see itself.

The above statement implies that:

- (a) no ugly society can produce good literature.
(b) Writers are essentially like newspaper correspondents reporting faithfully what they are observing.
(c) Literature enable the people to comprehend the dimensions which they are unaware of.

Q.89 In ancient times, the dead were generally buried along with their tools and clothing. This practice is the evidence of the belief in life after death.

- (a) Belief in life after death is the central tenet of all religious faiths.
(b) The burial sites were indicative of the social status of the people buried therein.
(c) It was generally believed that the dead people have the same kinds of requirements as the living.

Direction: Question (90-91), in each of the questions a statement is followed by two assumptions. These assumptions may or may not be implicit in the statement. Select your response in accordance with the following code.

Q.90 Children are influenced by their teachers now-a-days.

- (a) Children consider teachers their models
(b) A large amount of children's time is spent in school.

Q.91

Statement I : The government has decided to reduce custom duty on computers.

- (a) Assumption II : The government wants to make computer accessible to large number of people.
(b) Assumption II : Prices in domestic market may go up in near future.

Direction: Questions (92-95), choose the correct logic.

Q.92 A is the brother of B. C is the sister of B. D is the sister of C. How is B related to D.

- (a) brother (b) Sister
(c) brother or sister (d) Son

Q.93 Prem is heavier than Ram but lighter than Shyam. Arjun is heavier than Shyam. Mohan is lighter than Ram. Who among them is the heaviest?

- (a) Ram (b) Arjun
(c) Shyam (d) Prem

Q.94 If CABLE is coded ZCDAY, then STABLE will be coded as

- (a) TPADAY (b) TPCDCY
(c) TPCDAY (d) TPCYAY

Q.95 If CHAPTER is coded UMOEPYE the PARTNER will be coded as:

- (a) ANONPCYE (b) AEEPCYE
(c) AOEACYE (d) AOEPCYE

SECTION: V

LEGAL APTITUDE & LEGAL AWARENESS

Direction: Question (96-110), read carefully the questions and choose the appropriate correct option.

- Q.96 What is not an essential feature of a just law?
- (a) It provides an effective remedy.
 - (b) It is widely known by the community.
 - (c) It applies equally to all members of community.
 - (d) It is passed by a democratically elected parliament.
- Q.97 Michael robbed a bank. The bank has commenced, legal action against Michael to recover stolen money. What type of law is being used by the bank.
- (a) Contract
 - (b) criminal
 - (c) property
 - (d) public
- Q.98 What is Statute law?
- (a) Law made by court
 - (b) Law made by Parliament
 - (c) Law that can be changed by courts
 - (d) Law that can not be changed by Parliament
- Q.99 Human Rights day is observed on
- (a) 14th February
 - (b) 26th November
 - (c) 2nd October
 - (d) 10th December
- Q.100 Expert decision means a decision given
- (a) after hearing both the parties
 - (b) without proper procedure
 - (c) after observing proper procedure
 - (d) without hearing the opponent
- Q.101 Moots in law schools are
- (a) exercise of law teaching
 - (b) legal problems in the form of imaginary cases, argued by two opposing students before a bench pretending to be a real court
 - (c) imaginary class room where a student acts as a teacher
 - (d) a debate on a legal problem
- Q.102 Which of the following is not included within the meaning of Intellectual Property
- (a) Patents
 - (b) Copyrights
 - (c) Trade mark
 - (d) Property of an intellectual
- Q.103 RTI stands for
- (a) Revenue transactions in India
 - (b) Research and Technology Institute
 - (c) Rural and Transparency Infrastructure
 - (d) Right to Information
- Q.104 A husband and wife have a right to each others company. The right is called
- (a) matrimonial right
 - (b) consortium right
 - (c) martial right
 - (d) conjugal right

Q.105 Which of the following gives the buyer right to reject goods, repudiate the contract and claim damages?

- (a) Warranty (b) Guarantee
(c) Garnishee (d) None

Q.106 A nominal sum given as a token, that the parties are eager about concluding the sale is called-

- (a) Earnest Money (b) Advance
(c) Interest (d) Solatium

Q.107 In Kidnapping, the consent of minor is

- (a) Partly material (b) wholly material
(c) Party immaterial (d) wholly immaterial

Q.108 In Ram v/s Shyam, Ram cannot be a

- (a) plaintiff (b) appellants
(c) defendant (d) prosecutor

Q.109 Cr.PC stands for

- (a) Criminal Proceedings Code (b) Criminal Proceedings Court
(c) Crime Prevention Code (d) Criminal Procedure Code

Q.110 Medical Science used for investigation of crimes is known as

- (a) Criminal Medicine (b) Epistemological Science
(c) Forensic Science (d) Ontological Science

Direction: Questions (111 -112), choose the appropriate closest meaning.

Q.111 Treason

- (a) Insult to ruler (b) Betrayal of Country
(c) Campaign of Republic (d) Desecrating Flag

Q.112 Perjure

- (a) to confess (b) to deny
(c) to hide (d) to lie

Direction : Questions (113-117), choose the correct option.

Q.113 'International Law may be defined in broad terms as the body of general principles and specific rules which are binding upon the members of the international community in their mutual relations'

- (a) Oppenheim (b) Lawrence
(c) Brierly (d) Fenwick

Q.114 With an intention to kill, P administers sugar mistaking it for arsenic:

- (a) P has committed no offence
(b) P is liable for attempt to murder
(c) P is liable for attempt to culpable homicide
(d) P is liable for attempt to grievous hurt

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- Q.115 Which of the following is a non-transferable property under the T.P.Act:
- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (a) Actionable claim | (b) Mortgagor's right to redeem |
| (c) Lessee's right under the lease | (d) Right of an occupancy tenant |

- Q.116 A contract entered into without 'Free Consent' is:
- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| (a) Void | (b) Voidable |
| (c) Valid | (d) Illegal |

- Q.117 Release of prisoner before completion of his sentence called:
- | | |
|---------------|------------|
| (a) release | (b) parole |
| (c) acquittal | (d) lease |

Direction: Questions (118-120), in each question you will find a legal principle, followed by a factual situation. Apply the principle to the fact and select most appropriate answer among the three alternatives given. Select the correct choice.

Q.118

Principle : In case of a breach of contract, compensation can be awarded for the personal inconvenience suffered by a party by reason of the breach, which naturally arose in the usual course of things from such breach, or which the parties knew, when they made the contract to be likely to result from the breach of it.

Facts : Mr. Anil and Mrs. Seema Shah bought bus tickets for a journey from Bhavnagar to Amreli, a small town in Gujrat, from a private bus company. The bus was to go to Jamnagar via Amreli. The bus driver, by mistake, took them in a some what wrong direction and dropped them at a distance of 3 miles from Amreli on the state highway. Finding no other conveyance and no place to stay, Mr. and Mrs. Shah had to walk the distance of 3 miles at midnight. Later they filed a case against the bus company and claimed Rs. 2,500/- as damages for inconvenience suffered in being obliged to walk and Rs. 5,000/- in respect of Mrs. Seema Shah's illness caused by catching cold during that night.

- | | |
|-----|---|
| (a) | The bus company is liable to pay both the amounts claimed because the loss was suffered on account of the fault of the bus company and the inconvenience suffered and illness arose in the usual course of things from breach of contract. |
| (b) | The bus company is liable to pay both the amounts claimed because the loss was suffered by Mr. and Mrs. Shah for no fault of theirs. |
| (c) | The bus company is liable to pay only Rs. 2,500/- by way of compensation for inconvenience suffered by them for being obliged to walk during the night. They are not liable to pay Rs. 5,000/- in respect of Mrs. Seema Shah's illness because the bus company did not expect her to catch cold on account of the breach of contract. |

Q.119

Principle : When a criminal act is done by one person in furtherance of the common intention of himself and some other persons, each of such persons is liable for the act in the same manner as if it were done by each one of them.

Facts : A, B and C decided to commit burglary. They broke into a locked house. However, a domestic servant appeared from the out-house before they had finished, and started shouting. A, B and C left the house and started running away. They were pursued by a small crowd. A,

on being caught by Z, one of the persons pursuing them, stabbed him and ran away. By that time B and C had disappeared. Z died on account of the stab wounds. Later the police could arrest all the three. They were charged for attempted burglary and murder of Z.

- (a) Along with A – the person who stabbed Z-B and C are also guilty of murder because A stabbed Z in furtherance of common intention to commit murder.
- (b) Along with A, B and C are also guilty of murder because A, at the time of stabbing Z, was acting on behalf of B and C and he wanted to save not only himself but B and C as well.
- (c) A alone is guilty of murder because though there was common intention to commit the offence of burglary, there was no common intention to commit the offence of murder.

Q.120

Principle: A person can call police on 100 on emergency regarding information for immediate knowledge of police.

Factual Situation: Ashok running short of time to board on Air India flight from Delhi to London, he made a call on 100 that there was a bomb in the flight for making delay in departure of flight. Instead the police nabbed Ashok within two minutes and Ashok other than going to London was sent to Tihar Jail. Is there any remedy for him.

- (a) Ashok can be released by court because he had an important meeting at London.
- (b) Ashok cannot be released and will be punished with heavy fine.
- (c) Ashok has to be compensated by police because every one can call on 100.
- (d) Ashok can stay in custody for one day only
